TURQUOISE - Widely Regarded as America's "National Stone"

CHEMISTRY OF TURQUOISE

Turquoise is one of the world's earliest used gem materials. The four turquoise bracelets of Queen Zar date to the second ruler of Egypt's first dynasty, or approximately 5500 B.C.

Turquoise depends on the whims of nature for its formation. It is not a material that originated deep within the earth as a primary mineral. Rather, it deep green with every relies on weathering and the ingredients of the earth's crust for its formation.

Turquoise is mined all over the world, but the greatest the turquoise. The production is in the Southwest USA - Arizona, the greener cast to the New Mexico & Nevada.

The chemistry of turquoise reveals its origins. It is found only in or near copper deposits, as it depends on the presence of copper ions for its formation. Turquoise is a hydrous hydrate of copper, aluminum, and phosphorous. Turquoise was used for

The color of turquoise can vary from a deep blue to a variation of color in between. This is due to the chemical composition of the turquoise. Generally, the more copper Turquoise is known as a in the molecule the bluer introduction of iron causes spiritual attunement, stone. The amount of silica balancing the aura bodies. determines the hardness.

MYTHS and LEGENDS

"Where the Sky God lives when on earth" Native American

Ancient medical practitioners mixed turquoise as a paste to treat hip problems. Egyptians used it for the treatment of cataracts. currency in many areas of Tibet.

Native American legend says that if cast into a river along with a prayer, it would bring rain.

master healer and is considered excellent for healing emotions, and

That turquoise is beautiful to wear is neither myth nor legend!



Carolyn Shafer and her former partner established mining claims in the Coronado National Forest near Patagonia, AZ. The formation of turquoise resulted from a cataclysmic thermal event melting rocks containing copper, aluminum and phosphorous. These combined materials created turquoise and ran like a molten stream and formed veins in host rocks. It is the host rock material which creates the patterns in turquoise such as "spider."

Carolyn and her former partner mined the turquoise, stabilized the material, and she created the finished jewelry for your wearing pleasure.

Turquoise Vein Patagonia, Arizona

